Five Hundred Years Hence. What Shall We Be? The Fairbanks Trust Fund. Map Your World.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE. Mr. Fairbanks of Indiana leaves fifty thousand dollars to be held in trust for five hundred yearsthe income to be divided once in fifty years and spent for "social welfare work."

Mr. Fairbanks liked to show the log cabin in which he was born and tell of his surprise when he found himself Vice President of the United States.

He would be more surprised if he could know what will happen in five hundred years.

In five hundred years the people of the Earth having been able to read and write for five and a half centuries, having learned in the lifetime of Woodrow Wilson to tax wealth instead of poverty, having learned to use the Earth's resources for the benefit of the many, will be extremely different from what they are today.

Mr. Fairbanks could come back in five hundred years to in-guire about his fifty thousand dollars, he would be told that wishes of dead men no longer control the living or the money that the dead

With nothing very pressing to do this evening, you might find it good mental exercise to sit down and try to imagine the Earth's civilization five hundred years from now.

No war, of course, No actual poverty, probably.
No gigantic wealth. Really educated men of the future will not want a hundred millions. The edueated man of today does not have a hundred wives—he leaves such troublesome accumulation to sav-

No anxiety for old age five hundred years from now. Emulation will replace competition. Men of power will think more of their weaker brothers, less of them-

Ne killing of hundreds of thou-sands of children annually by neg-lect, poisonous food or too little food, five hundred years from now. No management of the earth

and its wealth on the theory that the human race was created to provide too much for a few at the price of lifelong worry for the

No divorce or quarrels between men and women. Man will become naturally monogamous through woman's education. He will be worthy to associate with the make and thinks of no other when its

Universal education began only yesterday. In five hundred years it should drive out Injustice and her three daughters - Poverty, Crime, Drunkenness.

The end of crime will mean economy, and added wealth beyond measure. No thieves, no crime, no policemen, no collectors of money, no courts, no judges. These things may not come in five hundred years, but they will come.

suggested here "never will be because they never have been," remember that not long ago a pious governor of Virginia hoped and believed there would never be a public school in that State. Only a few thousand years back every human being was a cannibal, unless too weak to kill the man that he wanted to eat.

Passion for accumulation is the moving passion now. It will be replaced by real ambition, passion for public approval. What will be the results?

You see men gladly giving their lives for their country. Can't you imagine the possibility of more highly developed men giving their unnecessary surplus for their countrymen?

Map out the world a few hundred years hence, as you chose, you could not exaggerate the im-

All traveling through the air, all living on mountain tops, flying down to the valleys for work, all heavy labor done by the power of waterfalls, or of the sun itself.

Force, heat, light, free as air, the Government supplying them, compelling the people to use them wisely. Socialism? No; common

A day's labor, three hours, perhaps less, for the hard-working class, and, as usual, sixteen hours those that have mental strength and use their minds.

Much surprise you would see on the white face of a tall ghost named Fairbanks if it should come back five hundred years hence and say, "What are you doing with my fifty thousand dollars? I hope you spend some of it to give night's lodgings to meless, friendless

If you want to give your imaginstion real exercise, try to imagine what life would be on this planet five hundred thousand years or five million years from

we can no more imagine what conditions will be than the cave man could have imagined, as he grawled on his belly to attack and eat a neighbor, what fighting would be like in 1918.

"It hath not been shown what we shall be," indeed, "and yet may lay to that."

### WEATHER:

Showers and warmer teday or tomorrow, Tem-perature at 8 s. m., 62. Average of temperatures for June 21 for last thirty-five years, 74.

NUMBER 10,566.

# The Washington Times

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1918.

Closing Wall Street Orices.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

# WHOLESALE SURRENDER EXPEC

Puts Many Husbands in Class 1-X-Misunderstanding Celared Up.

"Any man in Class 1 is subject to single."

today cleared the atmosphere with ment by July 1. respect of the liability to service of egistrants in Class 1.

"If a man has been placed in Class 1," Major Donevan continued, "it matters not whether he be married or single. He will be taken according to his registration number. The not be considered as engaged in nonnumber is all that governs the taking essential work, according to the

narshal general, are:
"Class 1-A-Single man without de-

children, who has habitually failed to and other clerks employed in stores upport his family.

vithout children, or father of mother see children; man not usefully engaged, "Class I-E-Unskilled farm laborer,

"Class 1-F-Unskilled industrial la-

Two subdivisions unlettered follow the official questionnaire blank:

"Registrants by or in respect of whom deferred classification is claimed or "Registrants who fall to submit ques-

"All registrants not included in any other division in this acheduje."

This last division is known as class

A number of men registered under selling goods and wares." the selective service law have been listed as in "Class I-X." Such classi-fication has been in effect from the beginning of the operation of the law; although it has not been commonly known. Class 1-K is a mis-cellaneous class to include all cases which do not come under the specific classifications from Cass 1-A on. Anyone so classed in common with all other Class 1 men is subject to immediate call, as are all who are in any of the divisions of Class 1. The local boards are now placing a number of Class 2 men in class 2-X, the same reason being given— that the other divisions of Class 2

### CROWDER CALLS 8,976 DRAFT MEN

do not provide for such cases

Provost Marshal General Crowder today issued a call for 8,976 draft registrants, qualified for military service and who have received at least grammar school education.

The men will be sent to technical schools for special training and then will be placed in special branches of service.

### LOST AND FOUND

WILL young lady who found a white chame giove yesterday at street car stop at 14th and F sts. kindly call Line. 464. 1-28 LIBERAL REWARD and no questions asked for return of sultanes taken from guito while in rear of 1873 Monroe st., Tuneday hight, June 18. Return to Rosm 68, Washington Post Building. Post Building.

BUITCASE-Marked W. H. C., lost Thursday night on Lament at, between 19th and 18th stx. If found, pieze notify W. K. Cooper, 1839 Lament at, Col. III. 22

ACcustomed on Chaeciaed Pages.

Reclassification of Registrants Provost Marshal General to Defer Action As to Baseball Players Until Concrete Case Is Presented.

Provost Marshal General Crowder mmediate call for general military today ruled that men of draft age service, whether he be married or engaged in games of all kinds, working as domestic servants, elevator Major Donovan, supervising opera- men, bellboys, waiters and like oction of the draft law in the District, cupations shall seek other employ-

It was stated that nothing whatprofessional baseball players until a specific case is presented.

Footmen Must Go.

Public and private chauffeurs will

number is all that governs the taking of men in Class L."

The members of the local boards state that there has been general misunderstanding with respect to Class I subdivisions. Probably a majority of the people, they agree, have believed that Hability for service grades down from Class I.A. through the succeeding subdivisions of Class I, but with Class I.A coming always first.

It was to correct this impression that Major Donovan made this statement today.

The official subdivisions of class I, as

The official subdivisions of class 1, as very elastic and boats are instructed provided by General Crowder, provost to consider all cases "with sympathy and common sense.

Doing No Preduction. "The regulations further provide," mdent relatives.
"Class I B - Married man with er withupport his family.

"Class 1-C.—Married man dependent of engaged in non-productive employments, but this does not include store executives, managers, superin-tendents, nor the heads of such departments as accounting, financial advertising, credit, purchasing, delivdepartments; does not include registered pharmacists, employed in whole sale and retail drug stores, or estab-lishments; does not include traveling salesmen, buyers or delivery drivers electricians, engineers, carpet-layers, upholsterers, nor any employes doing heavy work, outside the usual duties

of clerks. "However, sales clerks and other clerks, include the clerical force in the office and all departments of stores and mercantile establishments. The words 'stores and other mercan tile establishments' include wholesale and retail stores and mer-cantile establishments engaged in

About Baschall Players. Touching upon the question of whether or not the theatrical profession includes baseball and baseball players, the explanation simply rei-terate the original ruling as follows: "The regulations further provide that persons, including ushers and other attendants, engaged and occu-pled in and in connection with games, sports and amusements, excepting actual performers in legitimate conoperas or theatrical perfor

ABERDEEN, Md., June 21 .- Two men were killed here yesterday when big gun which was being tested expleded prematurely.

Secretary of War Baker was standing only 300 yards away from the piece when the accident occurred, but was uninjured.

Today's List of American Casualties on Page 2.

American aeroplanes equipped with Rolls-Royce engines, and piloted by aviators of the allied nations, will cross the Atlantic within three months, Maj. Gen. W. Branker, of the royal air force, declared

### MOTOR WILL STAND THE TEST.

The American Liberty motor has not been tested sufficiently to warrant its use in trans-Atlantic airplanes. The British Rolls-Royce motor will stand up under the test, it is said, and the body, wings, etc., will be American.

Several Rolls-Royce engines will be imported for the initial flights, which, unless the unexpected happens, will probably be attempted in September or October.

"We know positively that we can depend upon the engines," General Branker stated. "We also know that we can carry the weight. The only indeterminable factor is the weather. However, sciseever would be done in regard to entists and observers will care for that."

### WILL TRANSPORT PLANES TO FRANCE.

So certain are the allies that the trans-Atlantic flights will be successful, that they are planning their coming air programs on this method of transporting planes to France. And, the possibilities before aircraft which can make non-stop flights from Newfoundland to the Azores, about 3,200 miles, are unlimited. Bombing raids over the interior cities of Germany will be the logical results.

"In the few years," General Branker said, "the possibilities of aviation as an instrument of war are so appaling that it may force civilized nations, at all events in Europe, to agree to abandon war amongst themselves altogether. War has been the making of aviation; let us hope that aviation may be the destruction of war."

Flying at the rate of 85 miles an hour, a conservative speed, not taking into consideration favorable winds, airplanes can reach the Azores in less than forty hours, according to calculations of flying experts, General Branker stated. The trip from the Azores to Portugal-about 800 miles-would be a comparatively simple matter after that.

From Portugal the planes can easily fly to Italy or Spain or any other part of the battlefront.

### UNITED STATES MUST BEAR BURDEN.

Upon America more than any other nation rests the responsibility and opportuery, receiving, shipping, and other nity of pushing the advantages of aerial supremacy to the utmost, General Branker

> "The air offensive against Germany has now definitely started and will grow steadily in volume and efficiency," he added. "By degrees, all the vital points of Germany will come within our reach."

> The British are depending entirely upon the Liberty motor for the carrying through of their air program for a year to come, in so far as bombing, reconnaissance, and photographing machines are concerned.

> "We will want thousands and thousands of them," General Branker said, "but America must remember that the Liberty motor is by no means final and that already there are engines giving far better performances in fighting machines, which must be manufactured by the Allies to retain their supremacy in the air."

> Great Britain is going on expanding her air forces until the limit is reached, General Branker stated, and when that time comes-when they shall be able to replace only the wastage and keep pace with production of new types-America will have to shoulder the load.

At the present time the allies have undoubted supremacy in the air, the general ances, are engaged in non-productive said. Since the start of the March offensive it has been even greater than before. In one week during the German drive 132 boche machines were absolutely destroyed and thirty-eight shot down out of control. Only forty British machines were missing the same week.

On another occasion, during the retirement of the British toward Amiens, 240 British low flying airplanes were concentrated at one point where the Germans advanced en masse. Heavy casualties and complete disorganization of the movement

In discussing the proposed flights General Branker declared that the matter had been brought to the attention of the War and Navy Departments and that this Government was in favor of the venture.

### U.S. Drive On Berlin By Jan. 1

At the end of 1918 the United States will have enough men in France to hold the western front as firm as a rock and then will begin the offensive

that will carry the Germans back across the Rhine.

This was the assurance given the House Military Affairs Committee in conference with Secretary of War Baker, Assistant Secretary Crowell, Chief of Staff Marsh and Provost Marshal General Crowder.

Mobs Are Charged by Police in Capital-Many Civilians In-Flood and Shells Destroy jured - Uprisings Occur Throughout Empire.

AMSTERDAM, June 21 .- Premier Von Saydler, addressing Austrian newspapermen, said Germany had agreed to send grain into Austria and that some already was en route, according to advices received here today Hungary is sending potatoes, he said.

PARIS, June 21 .- Fifty thous monstrators who marched through the streets of Viensa Thurs night shouting "Peace! Bread!" also pillaged shops were charged by British war office rethe police with drawn sabers, according to a Zurich disputch to the Journal today. Many of the civilians Italians have re-ustabwere injured.

Travelers arriving in Switzerland is a common sight to see seldiers begging food from civilians.

interprets the warning of the burgohe cannot guarantee order if the bread rations are reduced any furin other cities also.

A great strike of 100,000 workmen are out, also,

Riots have occurred in Favoritem, Margarethen, Ottakring and Brigittenay, all suburbs of Vienna.

Demands Premier Resign. The Arbeiter Zeitung, of in a strong article demands the resignation of Premier von Seydler, Zurich reports further demonstra tions by workmen in the Austrian

Hungarian people are more than wa sick, one traveler was quoted as say-ing. Their sole thought is of bread. The morale of the Austrian populace has fallen so low that the government has begun to fear a spread of

War Prisoners Hurdered. One whole issue of the Arbeiter the sixteenth munition district of afternoon the sixteenth muniton described to Vienna. The matter was referred to (Nervesa, an important railway in Parliament, but was hushed up in crossing, guards the southeastern the press. Workers of Vienna, uaable to eat

the stuff that was called "bread," stone connecting marched to the hall and flung the mountain lines.) caves against the windows as a pro-

brough all of Austria. ple often faint in the streets from sheer inanition," one returned crossed the Montebelluano-Susegens (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

### HOLLWEG NEAR DEATH, RESULT OF APOPLEXY

AMSTERDAM, June 21 .- No hope to held for recovery of Dr. Theobold von Bethmann-Hollweg, former German trians back at this point, re-entering chancellor, seriously ill at Hohenlow, Nervesa. following a stroke of apoplexy, acto reports received here to-

Bridges Behind Them-Allies Gain All Along Line-Recaptured Abandoned Guns.

LONDON, June 21. -A large part of the Austrian army has been cornered between the flooded Piave and the advancing troops of Italy in the Montello. ports today stated. The lished their former lines are quoted in dispatches as saying at virtually all points ine"—threatens all of Austria. Even from the Montello to the soldiers get insufficient food. It the sea, and are making gains in the mountains LONDON, June 21.—The Amster above the Montello. dam correspondent of the Express Destruction of bridges, master of Vienna to the premier that either by artillery or ther as an expectation of revolution. all chance for the Auscapital. Outbreaks are taking place trians to extricate themselves, it is believed had been called in the Vulcan Ar- here, and surrender of senal, at Vienna. The workers in the Warschalowski airplane plant pected momentarily.

The Italians reported the recapture of a large number of guns abandoned early in drive.

The Austrians lost capital, and a continuation of the 120,000 men up to the German socialist newspaper Vor.
waertx as saying that Hungary had
offered 1,000 carloads of potations to
Vienna, but there is no prospect of A dispatch from Copenhagan queted Wednesday, the Corthe Austrian food situation being improved for three weeks.

The great mass of the Austro-

## FOOTHOLD IS WON

LONDON, June 21 .- (3:20 p. m.)-Zeitung, of Vienna, was confiscated The Italians have gained a great because it had demanded an investi- victory at Nervess, on the west bank gation into two horrible cases of of the Plave and are fighting to commurder of prisoners of war by their plete their success, it was learned fellow workmen in the gas works in form an authoritative source this

approach to Montello crest, the keyconnecting the river and

It was at this point that Premier Orlando admitted a considerable "Give us bread," is a cry that rings enemy gain to the Italian parliament last night the Austrians having

railway at several points. The Austrian drive so far is a complete failure, but they may make a great effort to retrieve their reverses. They are reported to have considerable forces in reserve, the greater part of these being in the

Planking Movement. The Italians have hurled the Aus-

They are now battling to push on (Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)